Judson W. Tolman

Hearing Officer

BEFORE THE OFFICER FOR THE IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

and as legal guardians and parents of , a minor,) Case No. H-19-05-08a
Petitioner,))) MEMORANDUM DECISION
vs.) WEWORANDOW DECISION
COEUR D'ALENE SCHOOL DISTRICT)
No. 271,)
Respondent.)

INTRODUCTION

The Due Process Hearing Request ("Complaint") in this matter was submitted by Petitioner to the State Department of Education ("SDE") on May 8, 2019, for Petitioner's child ("Student"). A request from Petitioner to submit an amended complaint was granted and Petitioner submitted an Amended Complaint on May 28, 2019.

After conclusion of the resolution period, Petitioner submitted a prehearing motion for access to the Student's educational records, sanctions against Respondent and extension of the due process time period. Respondent submitted a response to Petitioner's motion and an order was issued granting Petitioner's motion for (1) access to records under 20 U.S.C. § 1415(b)(1) and 34 CFR 300.501(a) and (2) extension of the period for resolution of the Complaint under 34 CFR

300.515(c). The time period for completing the due process hearing was extended to October 25, 2019. Petitioner's motion was denied as to the request for sanctions. Pursuant to the order on Petitioner's motion, Petitioner was granted access to review all the Student's educational records regularly maintained by the school district. Petitioner was also given electronic copies of all such records.

On September 13, 2019, Respondent submitted a MOTION TO DISMISS OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT ("MOTION"). The initial period for Petitioner to submit a response to the MOTION was set for September 27, 2019. Petitioner requested extension of the time period in which to respond to the MOTION and extension of the period for concluding the due process hearing. The response period was extended to October 3, and then to October 31, 2019. Each of these extensions was granted in response to Petitioner's requests based on Petitioner's asserted health care needs. Petitioner also requested that the due process hearings be scheduled for Mondays as this was the only weekday Petitioner ... was available to attend.

In an Order dated October 15, 2019, the Petitioner was ordered to submit: 1) a statement from Petitioner sphysician to support Petitioner's request to extend the due process hearing period on account of Petitioner she medical needs, and 2) a statement from Petitioner she medical needs, and 2) a statement from Petitioner she medical needs, and 2) a statement from Petitioner she medical needs, and 2) a statement from Petitioner she medical needs, and 2) a statement from Petitioner she medical needs, and 2) a statement from Petitioner she medical needs, and 2) a statement from Petitioner she medical needs, and 2) a statement from Petitioner she medical needs, and 2) a statement from Petitioner she medical needs, and 2) a statement from Petitioner she work schedule the due process hearing she work schedule would allow her to attend. Petitioner did not submit either statement as required by this Order. Petitioner did communicate with the hearing officer that she was available to participate in due process hearings on Mondays and Tuesdays. Although Petitioner failed to submit a statement from Petitioner she physician additional time was granted for Petitioner to respond to the MOTION and for completion of the due process hearing. The due Page 2 of 7 MEMORANDUM DECISION (H-19-05-08a)

process hearing was scheduled for Monday and Tuesday, January 13-14, 2020, and the due process hearing completion date was extended to January 27, 2020.

Petitioner was given an additional opportunity to submit a response to the MOTION on or before December 13, 2019; however, no response to the MOTION was submitted by Petitioner. An ORDER ON RESPONDENT'S MOTION TO DISMISS OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT ("Summary Judgment Order") was issued on December 15, 2019. The Summary Judgment Order denied in part and granted in part Respondent's MOTION. The claims surviving summary judgment and proceeding to the due process hearing were Petitioner's claims that:

- 1. Respondent failed to provide prior written notice of a significant change in Student's Individual Education Plan ("IEP"), namely, changing the services provided to Student from an IEP under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act ("IDEA") to a 504 Plan.
- 2. Respondent has denied Student a Free Appropriate Public Education ("FAPE") by removing Student's IEP under the IDEA.
- 3. Student has been denied FAPE by Respondent's failure to develop an IEP that would help Student meet Student's math goals.
- 4. Respondent denied Student FAPE by failing to take adequate steps to protect Student from bullying.
- 5. Respondent failed to provide prior written notice about Extended School Year services ("ESY") for Christmas, spring and summer break in a timely fashion that would allow Petitioner to file for a due process hearing before the state of the break.

DUE PROCESS HEARING

A Scheduling Order dated December 3, 2019, set forth the due process hearing dates and pre-hearing disclosure dates. Pursuant to this Order a list of all exhibits and witnesses were to be disclosed to the opposing party and submitted to the hearing officer on or before January 6, 2020. Copies of proposed exhibits were to be provided to the opposing party by the same date.

On January 6, 2020, Respondent served upon Petitioner and submitted to the hearing officer Respondent's list of exhibits and witnesses, and copies of all Respondent's proposed exhibits were emailed to Petitioner.

Petitioner did not serve or submit a list of exhibits or witnesses, and copies of Petitioner's proposed exhibits were not provided to Respondent.

On Monday, January 13, 2020, Respondent appeared at the hearing. Neither Petitioner or ______. appeared for the hearing. At 9:05 a.m., five minutes after the time to begin the hearing, Petitioner ______. sent an email to the hearing officer and Respondent's legal counsel indicating that Petitioner ______. could not proceed with the due process hearing. The hearing officer with Respondent's legal counsel called Petitioner. On the call Petitioner ______ stated that he was having health issues and could not attend the hearing. When the hearing officer asked if Petitioner ______ would be coming to participate in the hearing Petitioner ______ disconnected the phone call.

BURDEN OF PROOF

"The burden of proof in an administration hearing challenging an IEP is properly placed upon the party seeking relief." Schaffer ex rel. Schaffer v. Weast, 546 U.S. 49, 62, 126 S.Ct. 528, 163 L.Ed.2d 387 (2005). Commenting on Schaffer, the Ninth Circuit stated: "[T]he ordinary default rule [is] that plaintiffs bear the risk of failing to prove their claims, ... [a]bsent some reason to believe that Congress intended otherwise, ... we will conclude that the burden of persuasion lies where it usually falls, upon the party seeking relief." Van Duyn v. Baker School Dist. 5J, 502 F.3d 811, 820 (9th Cir. 2007).

Applying Schaffer, and the Ninth Circuit opinion in Van Duyn, Petitioner bears the burden of proof on the issues for determination in this matter.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Petitioner did not disclose exhibits pursuant to the Scheduling Order and Petitioner failed to submit any exhibits in support of Petitioner's claim.
- 2. Petitioner did not disclose witnesses pursuant to the Scheduling Order and Petitioner failed to produce any witness testimony in support of Petitioner's claim.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Petitioner, as the party seeking relief, has the burden to prove Petitioner's claims. No exhibit evidence or witness testimony was disclosed by Petitioner as required by the Scheduling Order and Petitioner did not appear at the due process hearing to present evidence. Petitioner presented no evidence in support of Petitioner's claims and therefore failed to meet Petitioner's burden of proof on all claims.

CONCLUSION

The Complaint stated nine claims against Respondent. Four of Petitioner's claims were dismissed in the Summary Judgment Order. Petitioner's remaining claims were set for hearing on January 13, 2020. Petitioner did not appear at the hearing and no evidence was presented at the due process hearing in support of Petitioner's claims; therefore, Petitioner failed to meet Petitioner's burden of proof on the remaining claims. Accordingly, Petitioner's Complaint is DISMISSED.

So ORDERED this <u>27TH</u> day of January, 2019.

_____/_S/ Hearing Officer

NOTICE

Any party aggrieved by the findings and decision herein has the right to bring a civil action with respect to the due process complaint notice requesting a due process hearing under 20 U.S.C. §1415(i)(1). The action may be brought in any State court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States without regard to the amount in controversy. (See 20 U.S.C. §1415(1)(2)). 20 U.S.C. §1415(i)(2)(a) provides that: Time limitation: The party bringing the action shall have 90 days from the date of this decision to file a civil action, or if the State has an explicit time limitation for bringing civil actions under Part B of the Act, in the time allowed by State law. (Emphasis Added). IDAPA 08.02.03.109.05(g) provides that "An appeal to civil court must be filed within forty-two (42) calendar days from the date of issuance of the hearing officer's decision."

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I DO HEREBY certify that on the 27^{th} day of January, 2020, I caused to be served on the following a true and correct copy of the foregoing document by the method indicated below:

Chris Hansen ANDERSON, JULIAN & HULL, LLP		U.S. Mail, postage prepaid Overnight Mail Facsimile Email
		U.S. Mail, postage prepaid Overnight Mail Facsimile Email
Dispute Resolution Coordinator Idaho State Department of Education 650 W. State Street Boise, ID 83702 jbrandt@sde.idaho.gov		U.S. Mail, postage prepaid Overnight Mail Facsimile Email
]	By: /s/
		Hearing Officer