



Direct Certification

Idaho School Nutrition Reference Guide

OVERVIEW

Direct certification (DC) involves matching school enrollment records against the most current available Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Temporary Assistance for Families in Idaho (TAFI), foster care data, migrant data or through several other allowable categorically eligible designations. Direct certification is a statutory mandate pursuant to Section 9 of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (NSLA) as amended by reauthorization legislation (Public Law 108-265). Direct certification for sponsors that operate the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), School Breakfast Program (SBP) and/or Special Milk Program (SMP) that accept applications **must** be run a minimum of three times each year (this is not optional):

- At or around the beginning of the school year
- Three months after the first run, and
- Six months after the first run

Maintaining a process for directly certifying students is a United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) mandated regulation for Child Nutrition Programs. For additional information, please see the Idaho State Department of Education (SDE), Child Nutrition Programs Resource Center webpage for a downloadable version of the DC manual and other DC resources.

TERMS TO KNOW

Categorical eligibility - Those children approved without an application to receive free school meals. A child is categorically eligible for free school meals if they are: on the direct certification State match list, living in a household receiving SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program), FDPIR (Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations) and/or TAFI (Temporary Assistance for Families in Idaho) benefits, on a signed homeless / migrant / runaway list certified by the appropriate liaison, enrolled in Head Start, or in foster care where the court has the legal responsibility for the child.

Direct certification (DC) – A method in which a child is eligible for free meals based on documentation obtained directly from the appropriate State or local agency authorized to certify that the child is a member of a household receiving assistance under SNAP, FDPIR, TAFI migrant or foster programs. This also includes Head Start children or children certified by the proper liaison to be a homeless, migrant, or runaway child.

Overt identification - Any action that may result in a child being recognized as potentially eligible to receive or be certified for free or reduced-price school meals or free milk.

Point of service (POS) - The point in the food service operation where a determination can accurately be made that a reimbursable free, reduced price, or paid lunch has been served to an eligible child.

WHAT IS DIRECT CERTIFICATION?

Under direct certification, information from the State food stamp or welfare agency is used to directly certify children receiving SNAP/TAFI/foster/migrant benefits without requiring them to complete applications. Direct certification was designed primarily to improve program access and administrative efficiency. Any School Food Authority (SFA) administering the NSLP, SBP, and/or SMP has specific responsibilities related to direct certification.

System Rules and Regulations

There must be a legitimate “need to know” in regards to who has access to student data through the SDE Direct Certification system. Even if a program or person is authorized to view or receive free and reduced-price eligibility information, the State match system is to be accessed only for the purpose of directly certifying a child for free meals. For this reason, the following measures must be **strictly** followed:

- Passwords are not to be shared with anyone.
- If more than one password is needed, please contact the State agency.
- Passwords are strictly confidential and only for the user selected by the district.
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- If a user login or password is shared and the State agency discovers it, the offender will be immediately removed from the system.

Maintaining the confidentiality of a child’s eligibility status is of the highest importance. There may be no discrimination or different treatment of children receiving free meal benefits resulting from direct certification of the student. The following must be adhered to at all times:

- The names of children cannot be published, posted, or announced in any manner or used for any purposes other than determining and verifying eligibility for free meals.
- Children cannot be required to work for their meals.
- Children cannot be required to use a separate dining room, separate serving line, or separate serving time based on their eligibility status.

The above examples would allow “overt identification” of students who receive free meal benefits. Overt identification can be a challenge at the point of service (POS), as children may need to provide money and/or a fund balance may be visible on a computer screen if an electronic POS system is being used. Schools must ensure to the maximum extent practicable, that the method of payment or POS system does not result in children being inadvertently identified as receiving free meal benefits.

Note that a student who qualifies for free meal benefits during the school year is eligible to receive the benefit for the entire school year, unless the household declines the benefit.

WHY IS DIRECT CERTIFICATION IMPORTANT?

Direct certification increases student access to nutritious school meals for school districts that participate in the USDA school meal programs. It also decreases burden on families and district staff by limiting the amount of paperwork they must prepare and process.

RESOURCES

Additional resources may be available for this topic. Please check the Idaho School Nutrition Reference Guide website for copies of manuals, user guides and helpful links to relevant subject matter.

For Questions Contact

Child Nutrition Programs
Idaho State Department of Education
650 W State Street, Boise, ID 83702
208 332 6820 | www.sde.idaho.gov

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